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INSTITUT NATIONAL
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GÉOGRAPHIQUE
ET FORESTIÈRE

**Institut national de l'information géographique
et forestière**



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ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AT IGN FRANCE

04/02/2021

Matthieu Porte

1. AI Research activities

Pointe à Colombier, Saint-Barthélemy – IGN

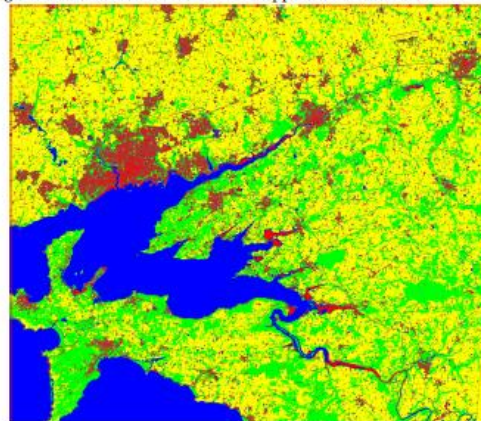
Land cover mapping

- DL methods studied since 2014-2018 (T. Postadjian doctoral thesis)
- Ongoing research : other sensors, historical data,...
- Neural architectures with relevant inductive biases

Vers une occupation du sol France entière par imagerie satellite à très haute résolution, T. Postadjian (2018)



(A) Région A, classifiée avec un modèle appris sur la zone délimitée en noir.



(B) Occupation des sols sur la zone du Finistère avec le réseau entraîné sur ROI-1 (la zone de Brest étudiée en section 3.2). Les dimensions de cette zone sont de 39×45 km.
● Bâti, ● Route, ● Culture, ● Végétation, ● Eau.

Land cover mapping

Satellite Image Time Series Classification with Pixel-Set Encoders and Temporal Self-Attention, Sainte-Fare-Garnot et al.

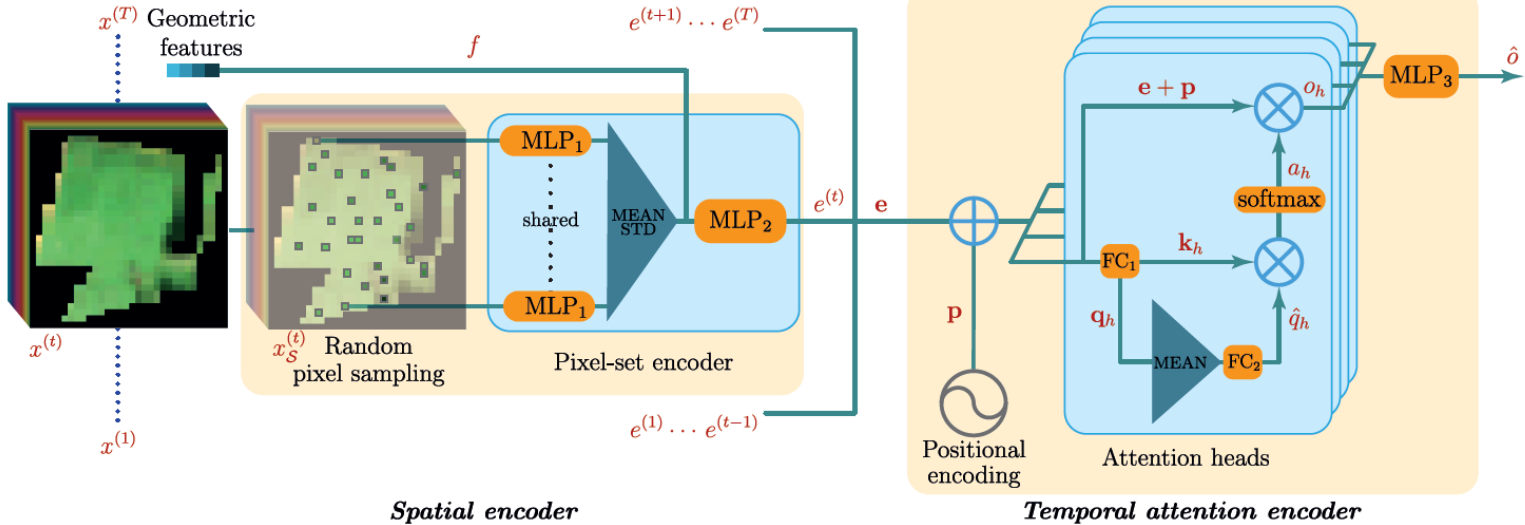


Figure 2: Schematic view of our spatio-temporal encoder. Variables in bold are tensors concatenated along the temporal dimension, e.g. $\mathbf{e} = [e^{(0)}, \dots, e^{(T)}]$.

Land cover mapping

Leveraging class hierarchies with Metric-guided prototype learning, Sainte-Fare-Garnot and Landrieu.

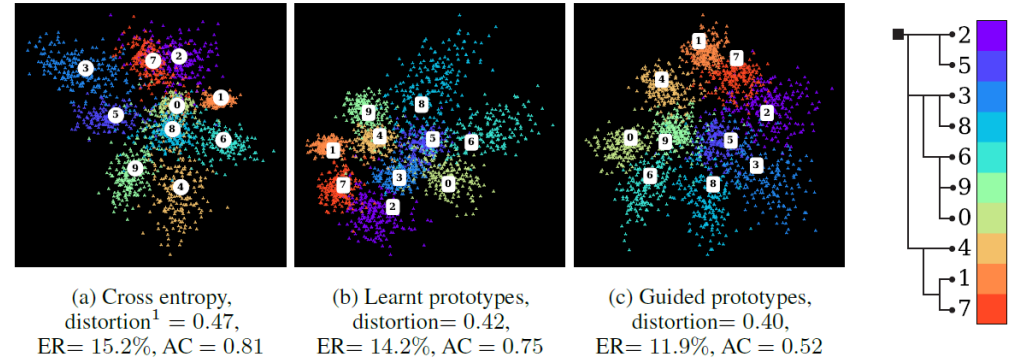


Figure 1: Mean class representation \circ , prototypes \square , and 2-dimensional embeddings \blacktriangle learnt on perturbed MNIST by a 3-layer convolutional net with three different classification modules: (a) cross-entropy, (b) learnt prototypes, and (c) learnt prototypes guided by a tree-shaped taxonomy (constructed according to the authors' perceived visual similarity between digits). The guided prototypes (c) have lower distortion¹ with respect to the tree-induced metric: classes with low error cost are closer. This is associated with a decrease in the *Average Cost* (AC), as well as *Error Rate* (ER), indicating that our taxonomy may contain useful information for learning better visual features.

3D data

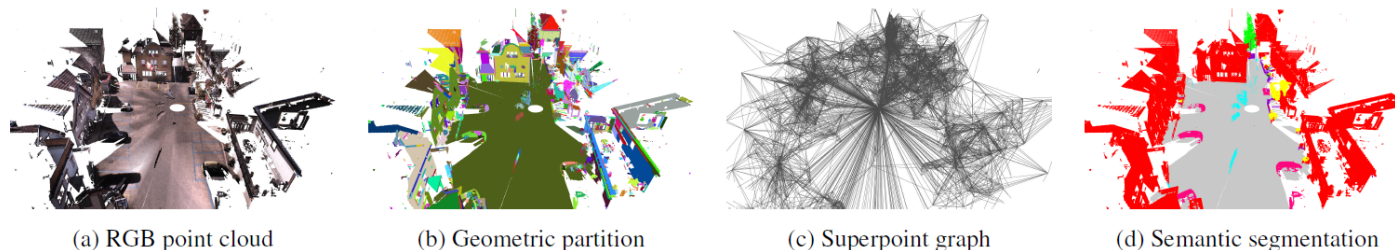


Figure 1: Visualization of individual steps in our pipeline. An input point cloud (a) is partitioned into geometrically simple shapes, called superpoints (b). Based on this preprocessing, a superpoints graph (SPG) is constructed by linking nearby superpoints by superedges with rich attributes (c). Finally, superpoints are transformed into compact embeddings, processed with graph convolutions to make use of contextual information, and classified into semantic labels.



PyTorch
Points 3D

Large-scale Point Cloud Semantic Segmentation with Superpoint Graphs, Landrieu and Simonowsky (CVPR 2018).

3D data

- Classification of 3D triangulations (inside/outside tetrahedrons) with graph-based neural networks ;
- Correlation and depth estimation

« Image-to-image » translation

- Map generalization
- Style transfer
- Super-resolution

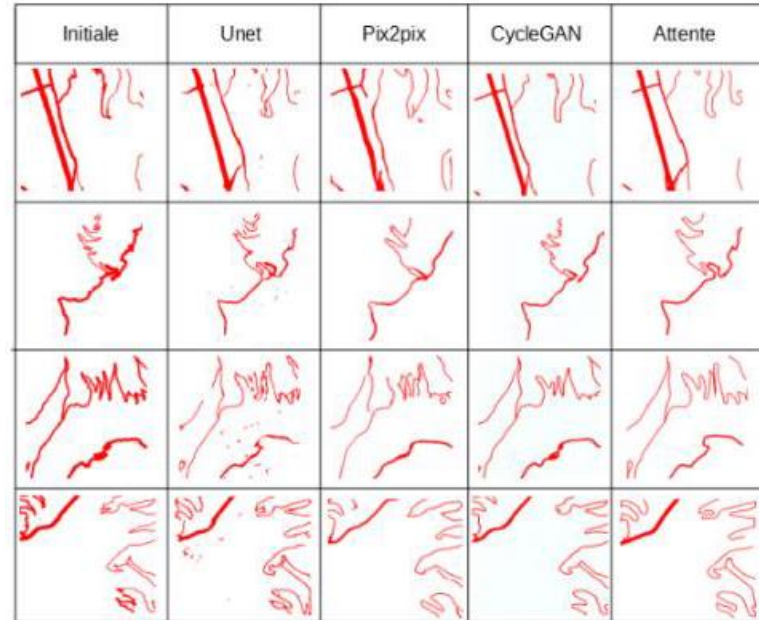
- Heavy use of generative models

« Image-to-image » translation

Map generalization

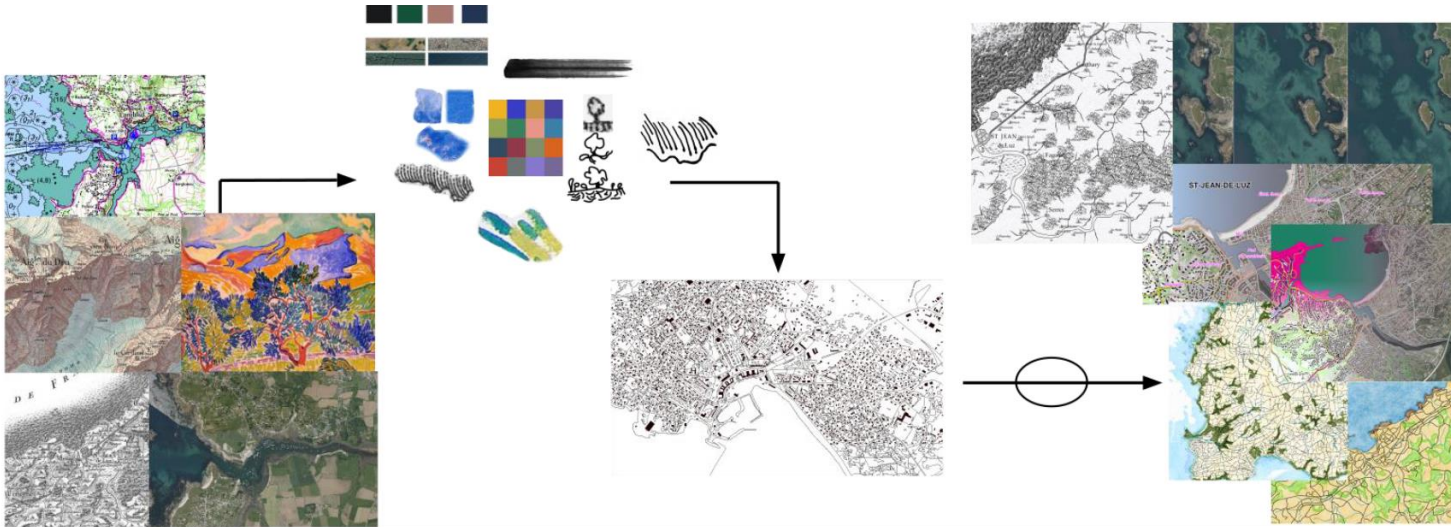
- *Exploring the Potential of Deep Learning Segmentation for Mountain Roads Generalisation*, Courtial et al. (2020)

Current results :



« Image-to-image » translation

Style transfer



- Ongoing research with AI techniques

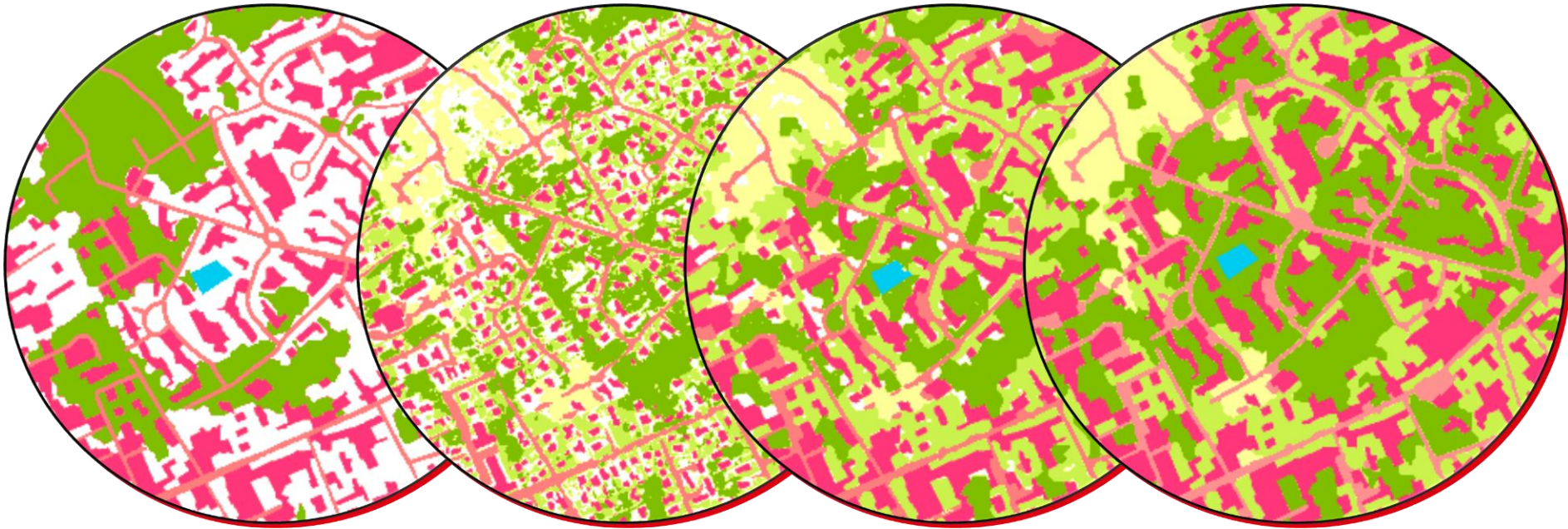
Other research areas

- Representation learning :
 - Multi-task learning
 - Multi-sensor representation fusion
 - Handling domain shifts
 - Pre-trained representations, unsupervised / weakly-supervised learning...
- Human-in-the-loop : active learning, uncertainty estimation...

2. AI Projects

Grand récif du nord-est, Mayotte – IGN

OCS GE upgrading



TRAITEMENT AUTOMATIQUE
SANS DEEP LEARNING

DÉTECTION DEEP LEARNING

OCSGE AVEC DEEP LEARNING

OCSGE (COUVERTURE) FINALE

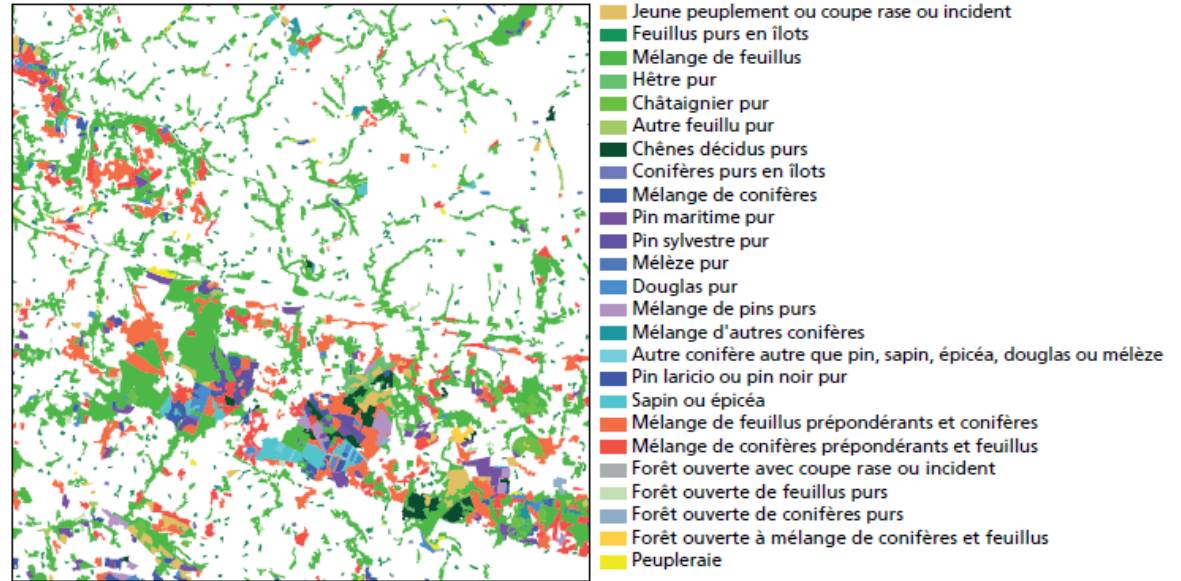
OCS GE upgrading

- Deep learning is only one of many inputs
- Unable to use the historical OCS GE database as ground truth
- Production of new semantic segmentation training data
- Post-processing steps required
- Operational questions on best model stratification strategies

BD Forêt upgrading

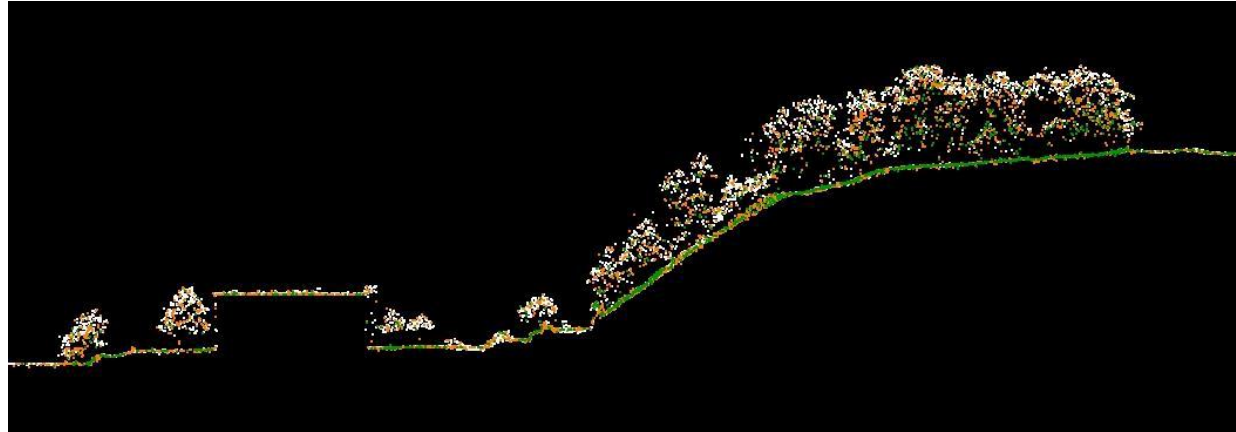
Fig.1 - Extraits de la BD Forêt® V2 et de la BD ORTHO® infrarouge couleur, département du Morbihan (Nord-Ouest des Landes de Lanvaux, secteur ville de Baud)

- Technical challenges :
 - Some common with OCS GE (semantic segmentation, data annotation, geographic/temporal generalization)
 - Noise in historical data / outdated data
 - Mixtures and hierarchies
 - Leveraging image time series with proper encoders



National Lidar acquisition (10pts/m²)

- 2021-2025 national acquisition
- AI experiments to improve our point cloud classification components



Other projects

- AI4GEO consortium (Airbus, CLS, CNES, CS Group, Geosat, IGN, ONERA, Quantcube, Qwant) : AI tools and applications for aerial/satellite images. Open source libraries should be released in near future.
- GNSS time series anomaly detection
- ...

3. Feedback and perspectives

Bassin d'Arcachon – IGN

Handling ML projects : feedback

- Several critical and cumulative conditions :
 - Proper AI framing and delineation of the task to be automated
 - Availability, or capacity to produce, large amounts of labelled data
 - Setting up a proper AI project team, with all relevant expertise : ML/DL engineering, data engineering, thematic expertise, software engineering,... Provide management familiarity with AI techniques, limits and potentialities
 - Frequent thematic feedback to assess model performance and adjust metrics
- Historical databases are sometimes inadequate as training data, labelling effort is required
- AI models are parts of larger processing pipelines.

Thoughts and perspectives

- Need for proper model architectures, with relevant inductive biases
- Large amounts of unlabelled data should be leveraged with unsupervised/SSL and geographically sound domain adaptation techniques
- Our operational challenges are technically and scientifically relevant and should gain attention : we need more open datasets and benchmarks for those.



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THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!