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- 1. Stukje context: Hoe vanuit silo's altijd hebben gewerkt....met als resultaat dat data over een gebouw in vele datasets te vinden is...
- Wat verzamelt Google over een gebouw? (winkel, openingstijden), community datasets, specifieke sector datasets, overheids datasets (kadaster, kvk)....
- Een complex rijk speelveld, maar ook redundantie, kwaliteitsissues, lastig te gebruiken, etc.. Kunnen we niet slimmer zijn? Om te beginnen met overheid en community data... In deze presentatie twee cases die binnen Kadaster lopen.

# One Building – Many Data Sources

- Authorative (Government) data
  - (ownership, parcel, building year, energy label, etc..)

Google, Open Corporates, etc.

Community Data

#### It makes so much sense...

Value for End User.

Quality: 4 eyes principles

Efficiency.

# **Next step**

 We kind of solved the silos within government (Kadaster Knowledge Graph)

 Next step is to connect with other data (knowledge graphs).



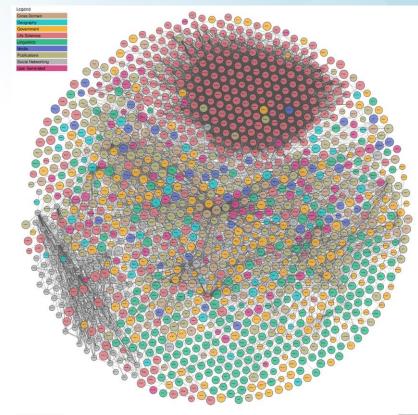
# Project 1 – Wikidata and BAG

**Linked Open Data Cloud** 

 Includes Base Registry of Addresses and Buildings (Dutch Cadastre)

Includes Wikidata (crowd-sourced data)

We created 50 links in 2020



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## Over 20,000 community links!

We created 50 links in 2020

- Now 20,449 (!) links created by the community.
- Rich links, e.g. 19,013 images.



<a href="http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand...">http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand...</a>



<a href="http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand...">http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand...</a>



<a href="http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand/0363100...">http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand/0363100...</a>
a commons: Estación Central, Ámsterdam, Países Bajos, 20...



<a href="http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand/03631000...">http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand/03631000...</a>
a commons:00 8719 Amsterdam (NL).jpg



<a href="http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/b...">http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/b...</a>
commons:Overzicht stationshal - Amst...



<a href="http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand/036310...">http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand/036310...</a>
commons:AmstelhotelAmsterdam.jpg

# Amsterdam Central Station in the Base Registry...

Pand 0363100012185	598 «Primary topic»
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Persistent URI: <a href="http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand/0363100012185598">http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/pand/0363100012185598</a>>

<u>bag:documentdatum</u>	2013-03-05 (xsd:date)
<u>bag:documentnummer</u>	MB00001504_NB01GM
bag:geconstateerd	http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/begrip/N
<u>bag:geometrie</u>	b0
bag:identificatie	0363100012185598
<u>bag:oorspronkelijkBouwjaar</u>	1889 (xsd:gYear)
<u>bag:status</u>	http://bag.basisregistraties.overheid.nl/bag/id/begrip/PandInGebruik

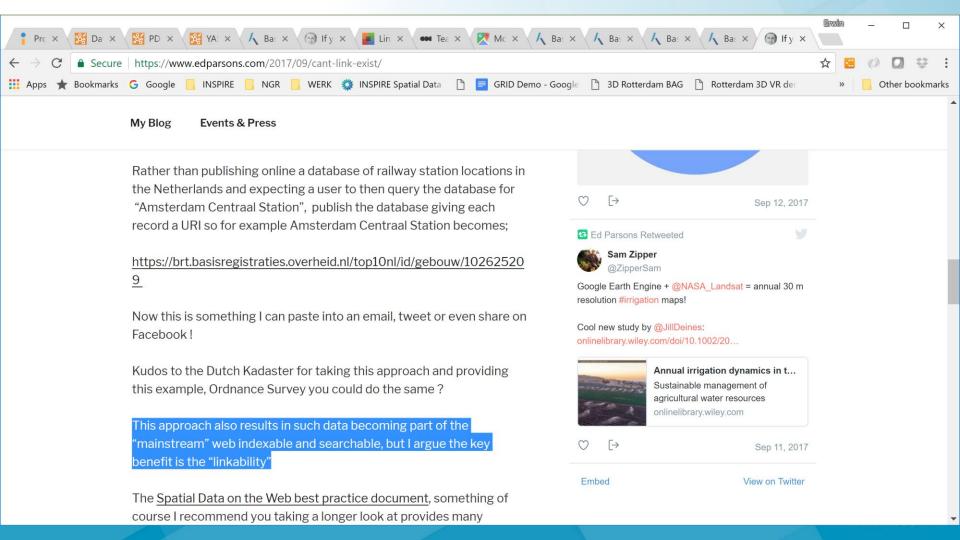
# The same building in Wikidata... Linked to the Base Registry





**Project 2: OSM and BRT** 

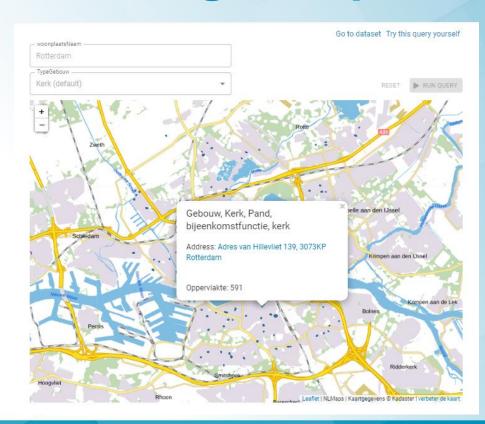




# **BRT & Kadaster Knowledge Graph**

 Kadaster recently published several ways to access the integrated data of the Dutch government through Linked Data technology

See also: <a href="https://labs.kadaster.nl/cases/integralegebruik">https://labs.kadaster.nl/cases/integralegebruik</a> soplossing



# **Background BRT.Next**

- Kadaster is owner of the BRT (Base registry for Topography)
- The BRT consists of two major parts:
  - A map of the Netherlands
  - The underlying data product
- The BRT is "expensive" to create and maintain; there is a continuous goal of more efficiency (with good results).
- But there is more...



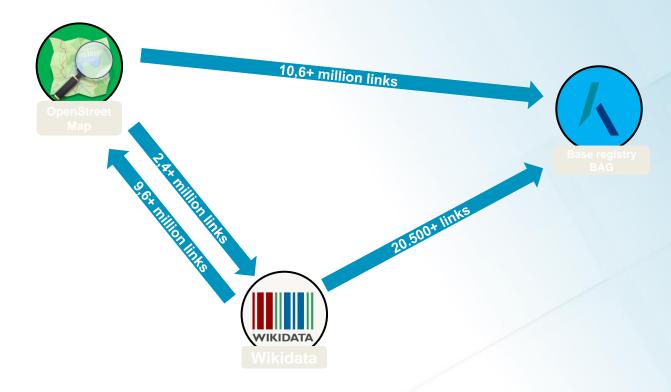
Can we enrich our data about buildings with an external open data source (e.g. OpenStreetMap) and make automated linksets to the existing BRT such that the value of the integrated data improves?

### Approach



- We explore which building types / OSM data will attribute to the highest value creation
- We automate the data ingress process for OSM
- We create a geometric match
- We transform OSM to Linked Data (including geometric links) and link to the existing BRT Linked Data set

# **OSM & Open data ecosystem**



### Semantics in crowdsourcing



Semantics are vital in exploring OpenStreetMap data

Weg: 296698819

#### Versie #3

Parkeerplaatsen bij de Lidl veranderd in parking lanes. Enkele andere correcties in de omgeving van de Lidl.

bijina 2 jaar geleden bewerkt door Friendly\_Ghost · Wijzigingenset #86200475

#### Labels

building	supermarket
ref:bag	0356100000081409
source	BAG
source:date	2019-10-28
start_date	1980

Weg: Albert Heijn (268856304)

#### Versie #6

#maproulette

#Phone\_or\_fax\_number\_is\_not\_in\_international\_form
T\_E.164)

2 maanden geleden bewerkt door lovelyfurball88 · Wijzjoingenset #116841824

#### Labels

addr:city	's-Hertogenbosch
addr:housenumber	1
addr:postcode	5224AA
addr:street	Helftheuvelpassage
brand	Albert Heijn
brand:wikidata	Q1653985
brand:wikipedia	nl:Albert Heijn (supermarkt)
building	retail
name	Albert Heijn
opening_hours	Mo-We 08:00-20:00; Th,Fr 08:00-21:00; Sa 08:00-20:00
operator	Albert Heijn
phone	+31 073-6217456
ref:bag	796100000258784

Use <u>building</u>=**supermarket** to tag a building built as a supermarket. Typical for the architecture of this kind of building are special entrances for costumers, a delivery area with ramp for heavy goods vehicles (HGV), and often only one level comprising a large room.

Note that this tag is about the building itself. To indicate that the location has an active supermarket, use shop=supermarket.

A <u>supermarket</u> is a large shop for groceries and other goods, including meat and fresh produce. It's a full service grocery store that often sells a variety of non-food products as well. Almost always part of a chain, e.g. Tesco, Safeway. Stores that do not provide full service grocery departments, including meat and fresh produce, are generally not considered supermarkets for historical reasons.

#### Challenge: Completeness and consistentency OSM



One building
Building has tag building=yes
Building has shop = supermarket
No 'pointobject' available

URI (nice):

https://www.openstreetmap.org/way/2688563



One building
Building has tag building=retail
Building has multiple point objects, where
one has tag shop=super\_market

URI (nice):

https://www.openstreetmap.org/way/4535 1743

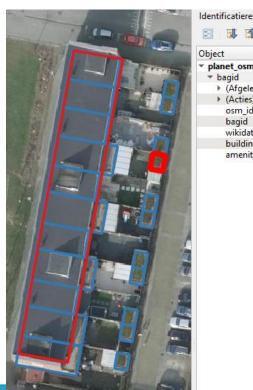


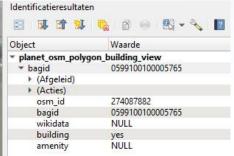
One building
Building has tag building=supermarket
Building has a single point object with
shop=supermarket

URI (nice):

https://www.openstreetmap.org/way/4535

## Challenges: Geometric matching



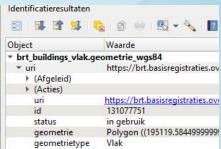




## Challenges: Geometric matching







## Summary

On a higher abstraction level it makes so much sense and it seems so easy to connect all data sources...

When looking in the details...it is far more complex, and several challenges need to be solved.

There is a big win....but not a quick win.