

Danish Basic Data

- Creation of property data between authorities
- Distribution and use of property data

Senior adviser Jørgen Skrubbeltrang Data officer Simon Reimers November 4, 2025





Agenda

- 1) Property data as part of the basic data program, Jørgen
- 2) Data quality ongoing process and work, Simon
- 3) Use of property data, Jørgen
- 4) Matriklen.dk "Cadastre.dk", Simon
- 5) Questions, roundup and discussion



Property data as part of the basic data program

Jørgen Skrubbeltrang



Background

Denmark's Open Property Data Initiative 2002

Danish Government approved free access to central and local property data

Registers included

- Cadastre data from register
- Building and dwelling register
- Municipal Property Register (ESR)
- National Register of Real Property Valuation

OIS - Data Warehouse

- Central platform for public access to property data
- Available to both public and private users

Impact

- Sparked innovation among private entrepreneurs
- Enabled development of IT solutions benefiting public and private sectors





THE eGOVERNMENT STRATEGY 2011-2015

THE DANISH GOVERNMENT / LOCAL GOVERNMENT DENMARK OCTOBER 2012 GOOD BASIC DATA FOR EVERYONE – A DRIVER FOR GROWTH AND EFFICIENCY

Background

Danish eGovernment Strategy 2011-2015 - a real property data reform Strategic Focus

- Key initiative: "Shared basic data for all authorities"
- Real property data targeted for reuse: buildings and addresses
- · Goal: Simplify and strengthen digital infrastructure for property data
- Outcome: Eliminate register duplication and streamline local property registers

Action plan developed through cross-agency collaboration

- Ministries and agencies
- Danish Land Registration Court
- Local Government Denmark

Activities included:

- High-level and technical proposals for new infrastructure
- Redesign of business processes and IT systems

Background

Danish Property Data Infrastructure before Basic Data Program - Core Registers



Cadastre

- Purpose: Identifies land parcels and restrictions
- Excludes buildings on leased land and condominiums
- Uses parcel numbers as key



Land Registry

- Purpose: Records ownership, mortgages, servitudes/easements
- · Contain properties of land parcels, buildings on leased land and condominiums
- May contain outdated ownership data



- Purpose: Data and information for administrative work and tasks in municipalities
- First digital property register 1960s
- · Includes ownership, valuation, and taxation data.
- Uses 10-digit unique property ID.



Building and Dwelling Register (BDR)

- Purpose: Information about all buildings and technical installations in Denmark
- · Details on building interiors and exteriors.
- Uses 10-digit unique property ID

Challenges • Registers designed for administrative needs — not user-centric

Legacy IT systems makes it challenging for the registers to co-create





















Goals and objectives as part of the Property Data Program

Cadastre

• The basic registration of **condominiums** is transferred from the Land Registry to the Cadastre and harmonized with the general registration of real property



• The basic registration of **buildings on leased land** is transferred from the Municipal Property Register (ESR) to the Cadastre.



• **Properties under development** are registered in the Cadastre with information about their final identification, geolocation, etc.



- A **new common property identification number (BFE-number)** is established and used as a unique identifier for properties and their components.
- Location addresses are assigned and maintained for all real properties in the Cadastre.

Ownership Register

The Danish Geodata Agency establishes an Ownership Register as the authoritative record of actual property owners and any associated administrators.

Other objectives as part of the Basic Data Program

1

"To ensure data reuse and avoid duplicate registrations and shadow registers, map data, cadastral maps, CVR (Central Business Register) and company data are being released, making them freely accessible to both the public and private sectors—just like address and property data are today. Through this release, these core data can be freely used by public authorities and private companies for both commercial and noncommercial purposes, provided that applicable legislation is, of course, observed."

The Danish cadastral map is free from 2013

4

In order to **improve the distribution** of common public-sector data, a common infrastructure is to be established providing for stable and efficient distribution of data; a data distributor.

The Data Distributor (DAF) is launched in 2018



Completing the Geodata Agency's part of the program

June 2018 The existing it-system for cadastral updating was expanded to handle all the

types of real property

A new system registering properties in-the-making

Co-operation between Cadaster and Land Registry in a new digitised workflow

February 2019 Registration of buildings on leased land in the cadastre

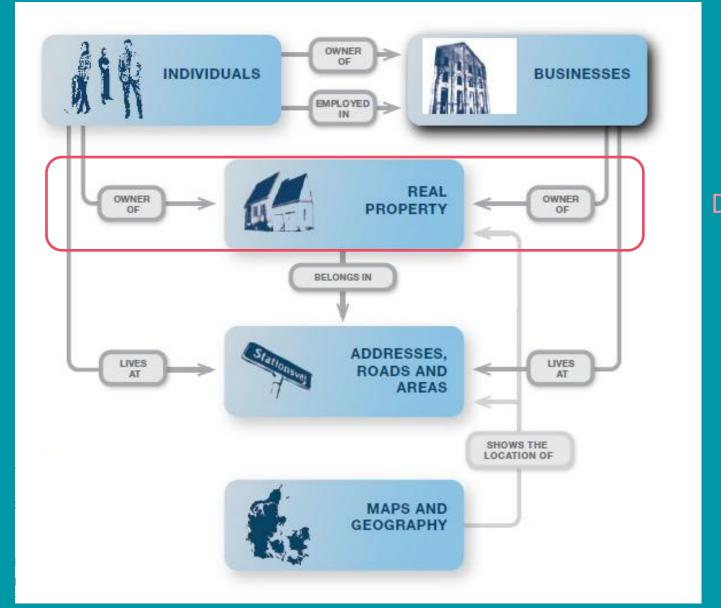
March 2019 Registration of condominiums in the cadastre

April 2019 The Property Location Register

May 2019 Property Ownership Register



Property data a part of The Danish Basic Data Program 2014-2019



Danish Geodata Agency



Creation of property between authorities and between registers

Creating a new property for a company

Authorities and Registers involved

Danish Agency for Climate Data - DAR - Denmark Address Register

Danish Property Assessment Agency - BDR - Building and Dwelling Register

Danish Geodata Agency - CAD - Cadastre

Danish Geodata Agency - ROP - Register of owners of real property

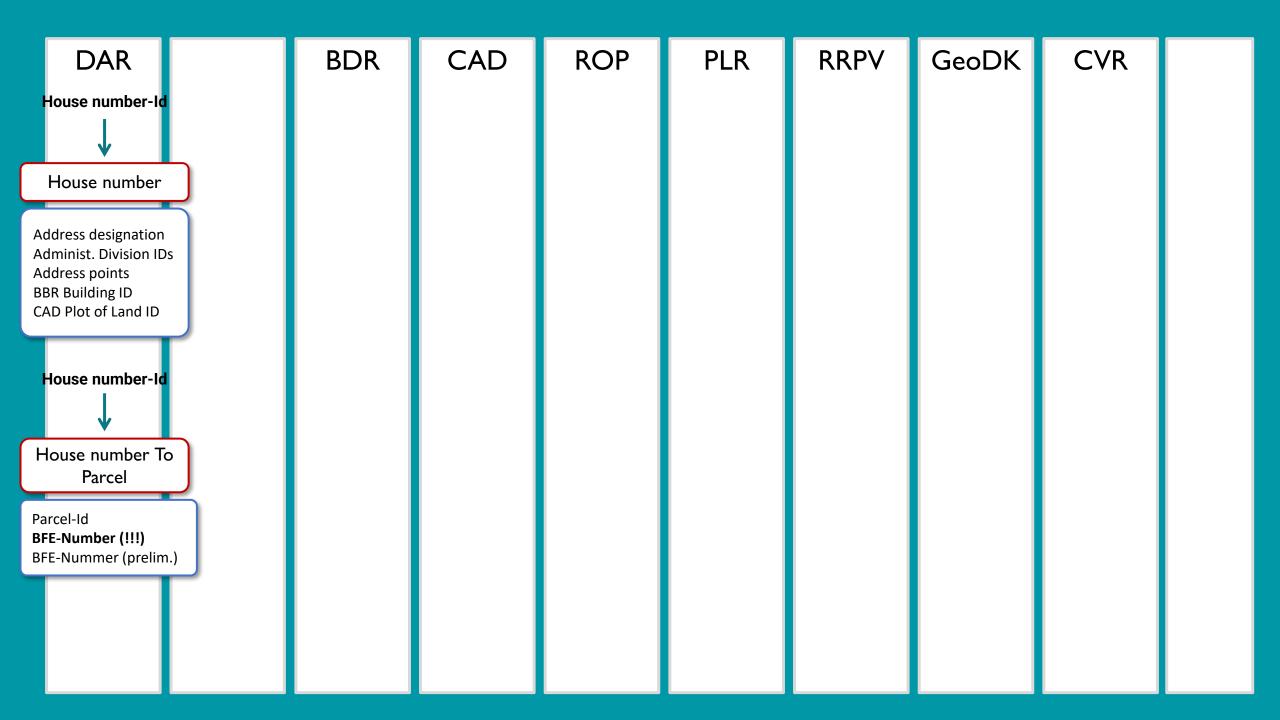
Danish Geodata Agency - PLR - Property Location Register

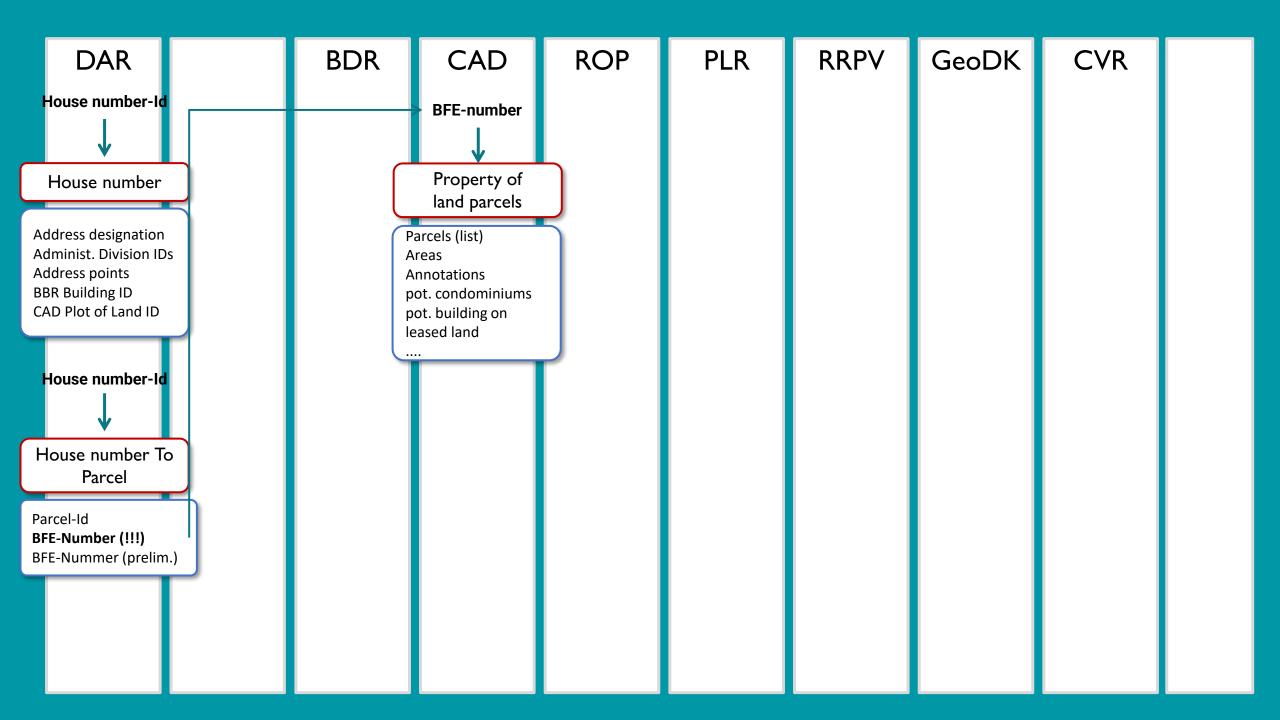
Danish Property Assessment Agency - RRPV - Register of Real Property Valuation

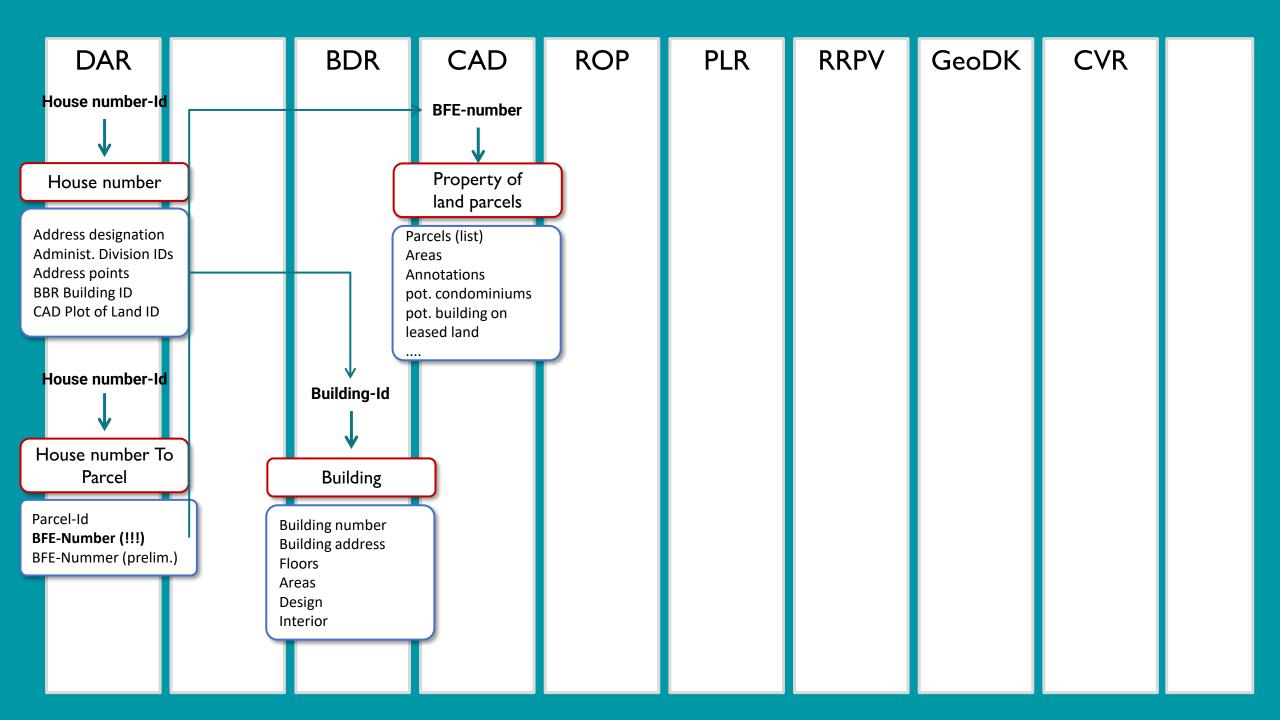
Danish Agency for Climate Data - GeoDK - System updating topographical maps

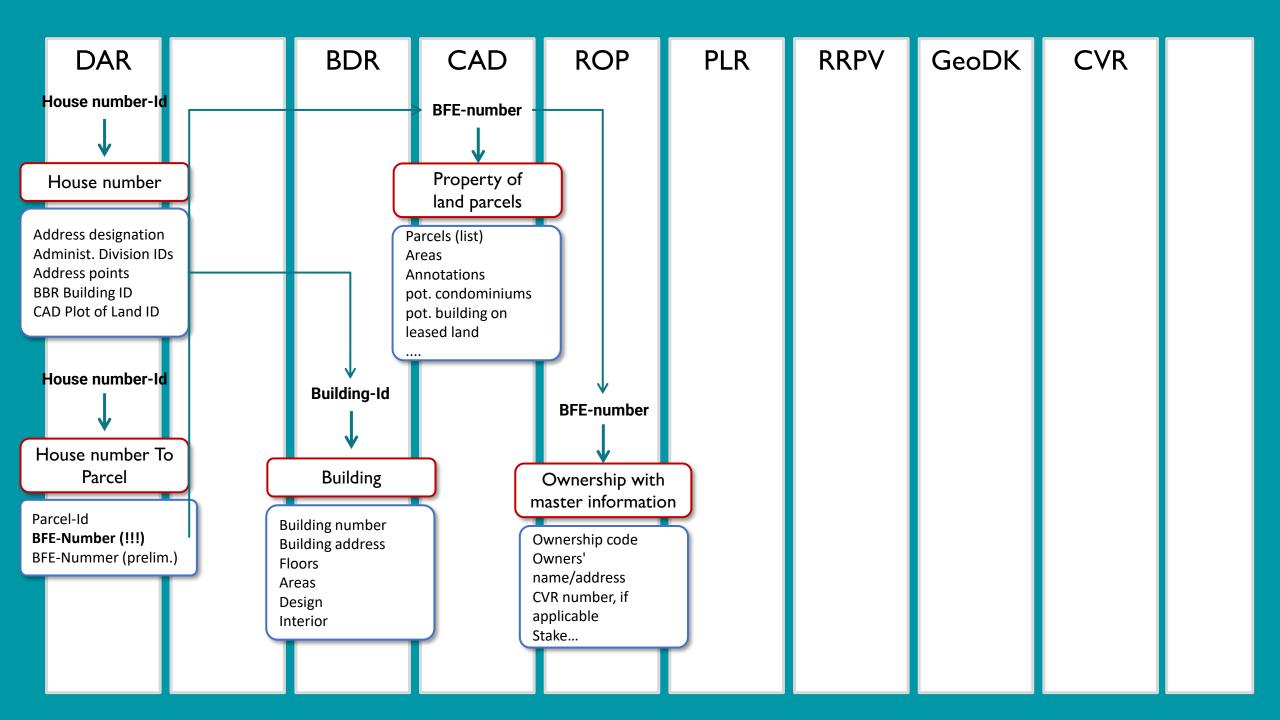
Danish Business Authority - CVR - Danish Company Register

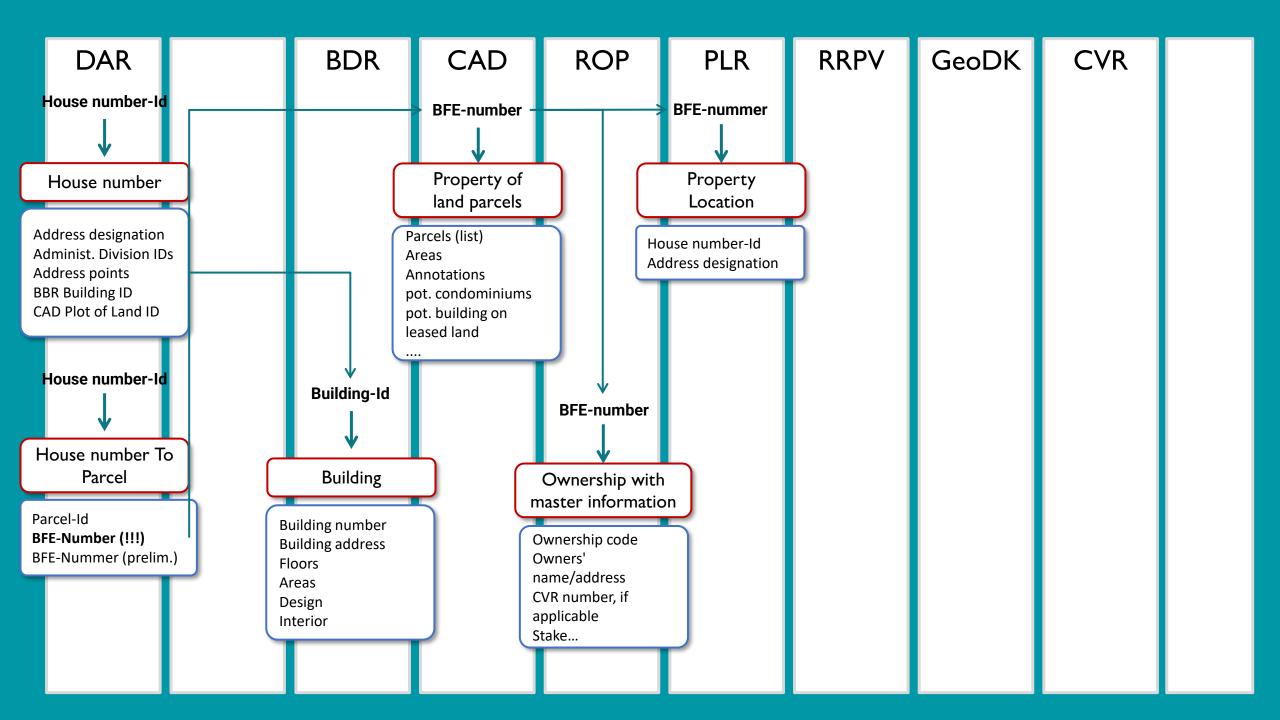
DAR House number-Id	BDR	CAD	ROP	PLR	RRPV	GeoDK	CVR	

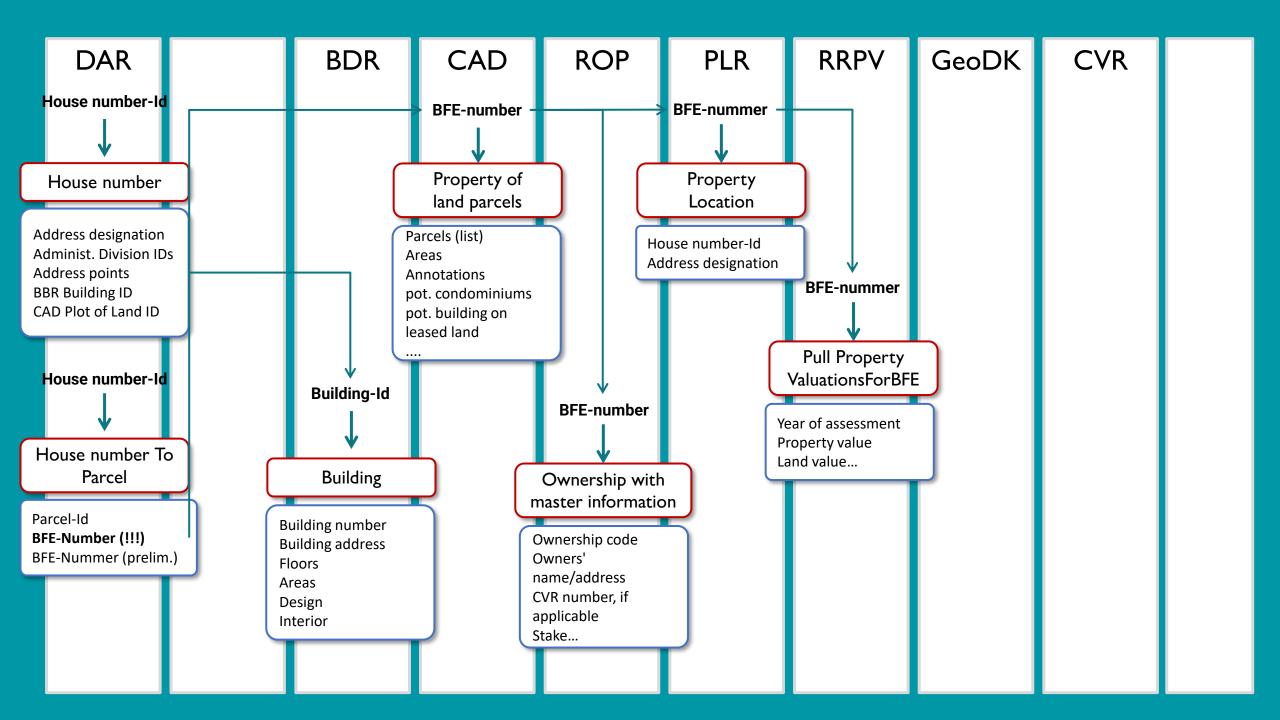


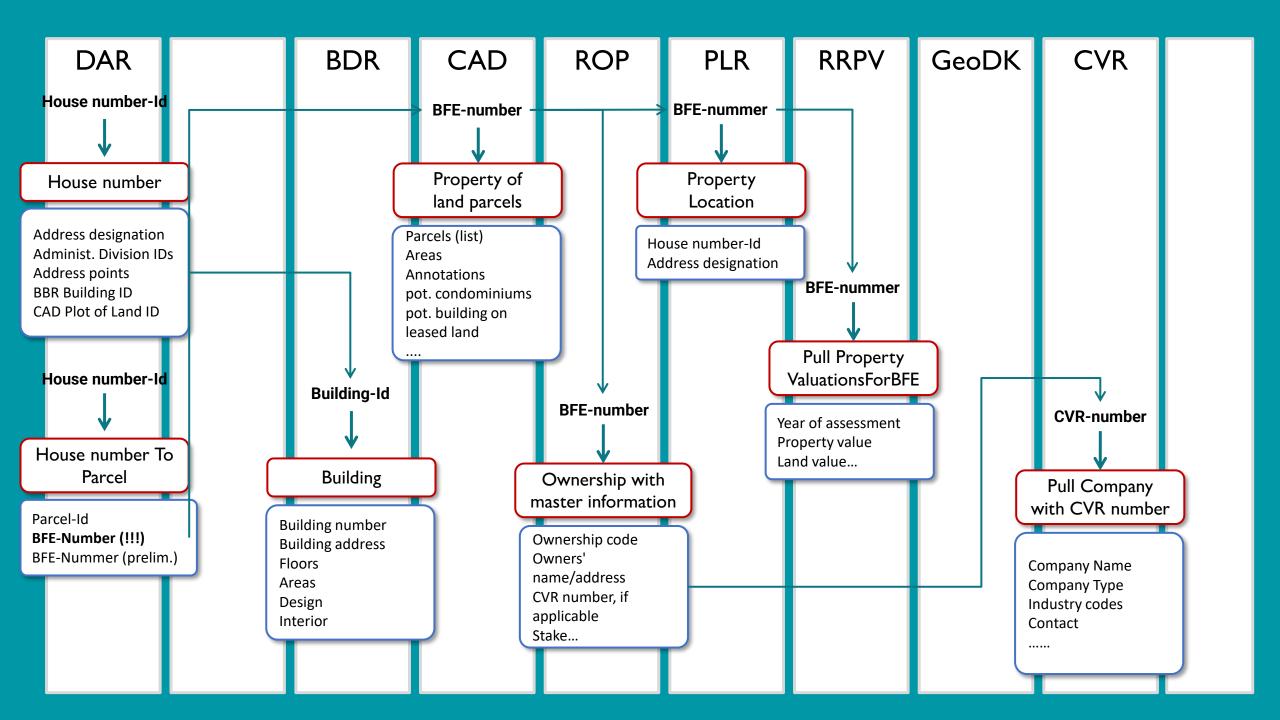


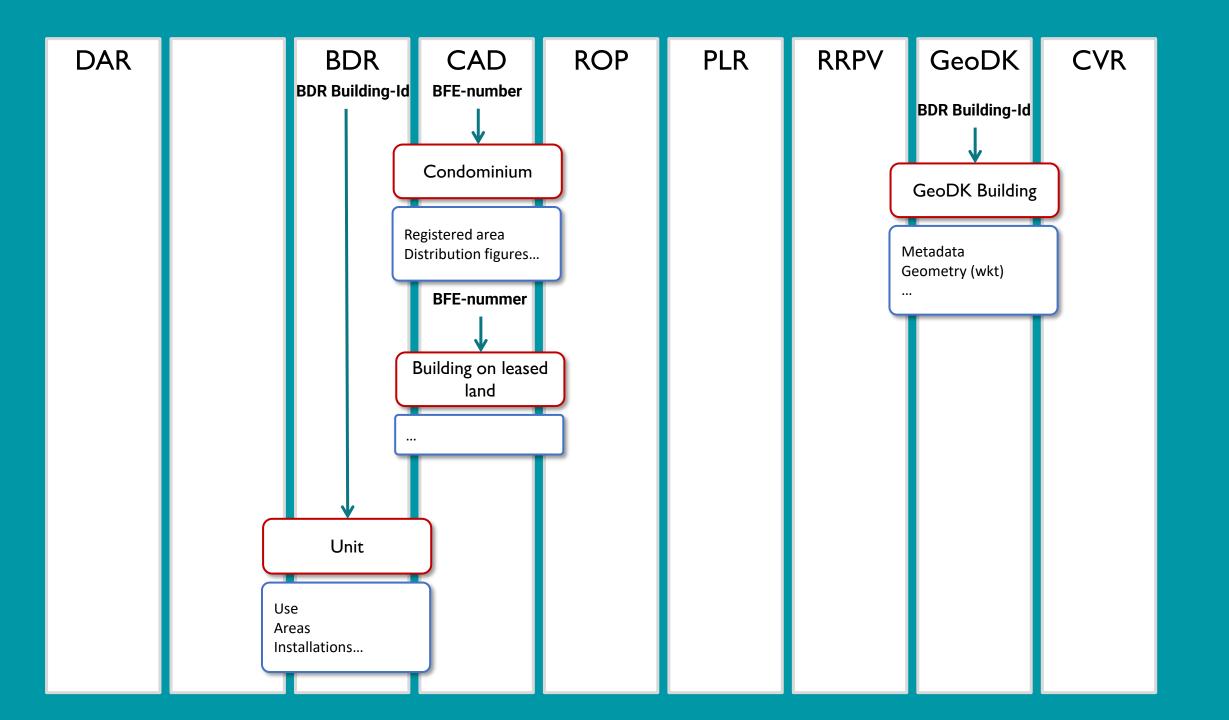




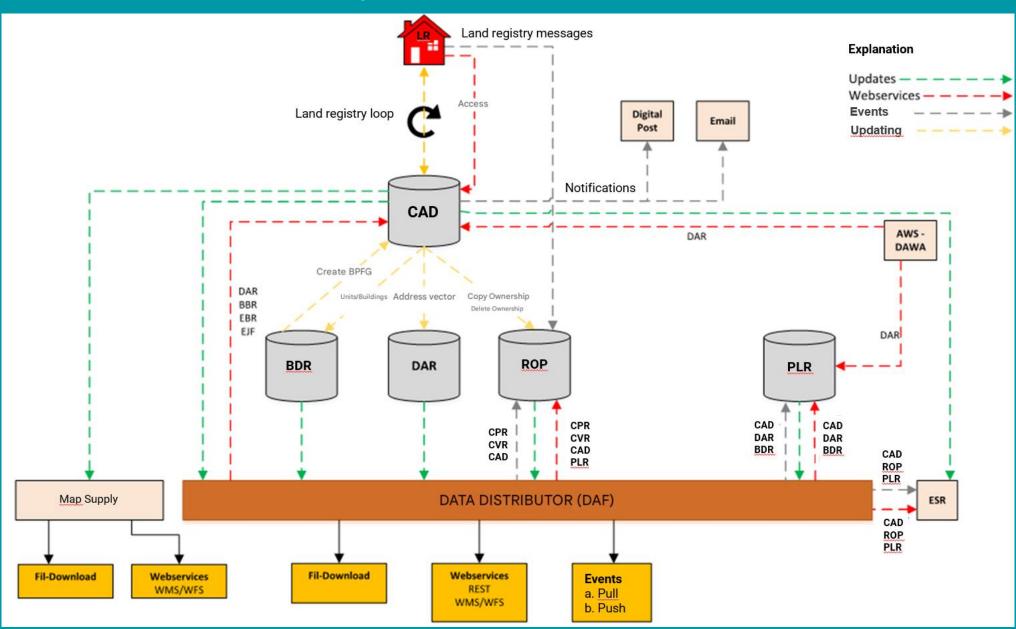






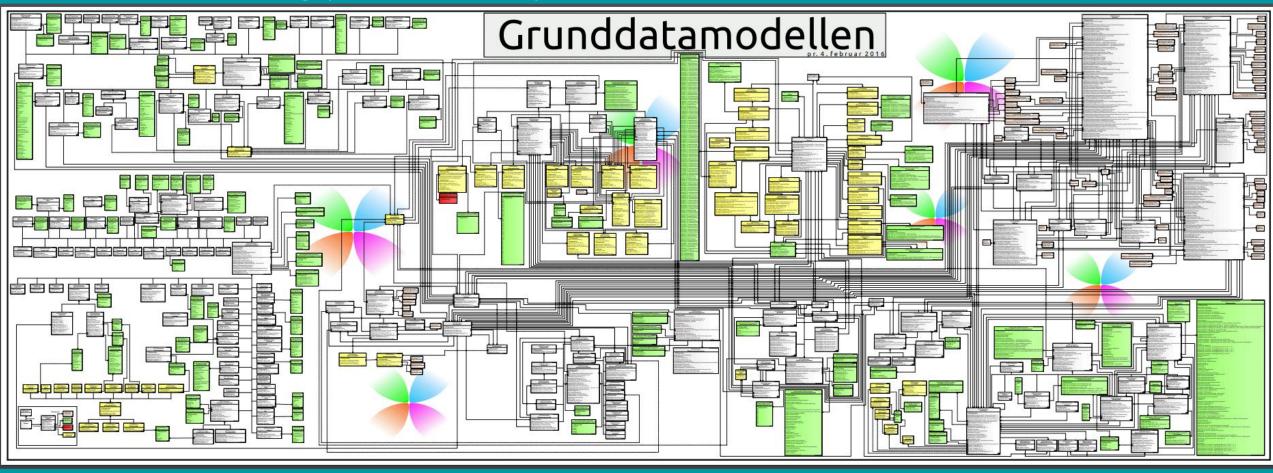


System processes



Model of the Danish Basic data

The big poster – 6 by 1% meters, readable at 50 cm



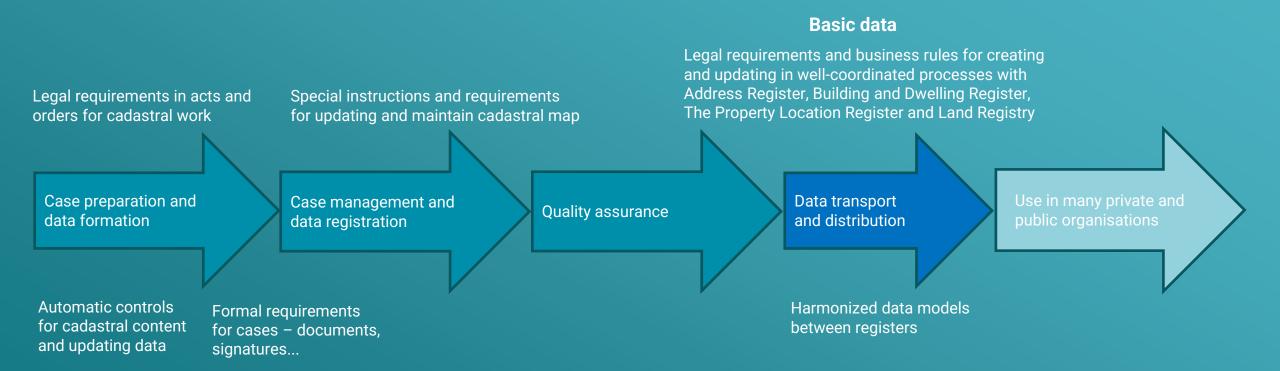


Data quality - ongoing process and work

Simon Reimers



Attention and work with quality in all process steps





Quality assurance

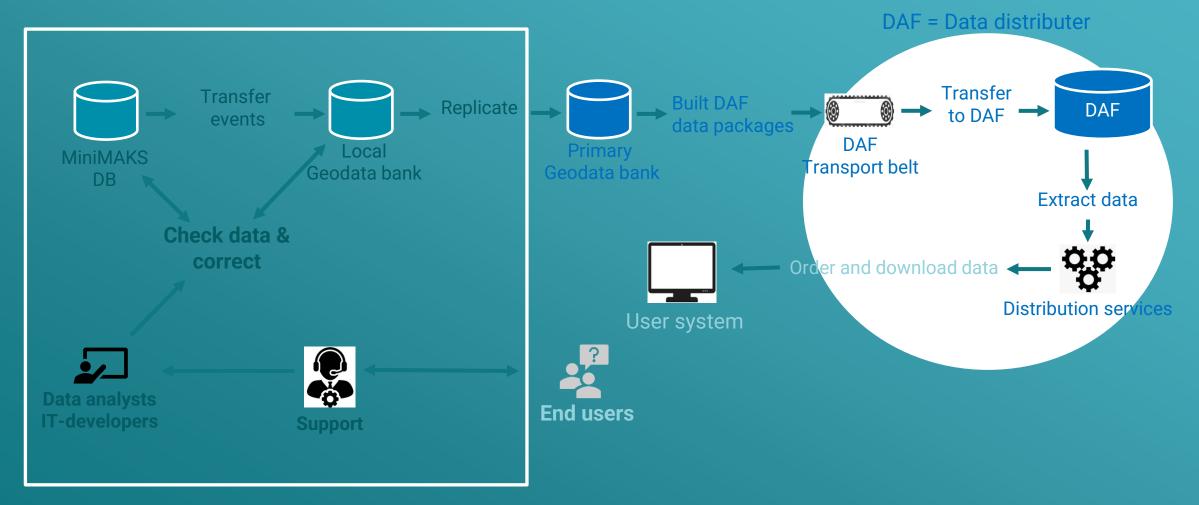


4 core data quality dimensions

DQ dimension	Definition			
completeness	the degree to which the data set contains the data elements that are expected based on the specification of the data set			
accuracy	the degree to which data values corresponds to actual values			
currentness	indicating to which degree data is current			
reusability	the degree to which data is understandable and without difficulties can be used by others			



Overall datachain - distribution of data





Different types of errors in the data chain

Errors in Primary Geodata bank

- Error in Oracle replication
- 3 cases out of +500,000 transactions
- Difficult to recreate
- Two of the times were very early in the morning (at night)
- The data update fails only later when the Data
 Distributor tries to update a row that is missing It
 may therefore take some time before the error is
 discovered

Incident MAT2 Dataopdatering er stoppet i produktionsmiljøet. 25.09.2023 klokken 11:00: Der bliver fortsat arbejdet på at løse problemet. 22.09.2023 klokken 15:15: Der arbejdes fortsat på at løse problemet. 22.09.2023 klokken 10:15: MAT2 dataopdatering er stoppet i produktionsmiljøet, sidste opdatering var 22.09.2023 klokken 07:06:43

Errors in the exhibition at the data distributor

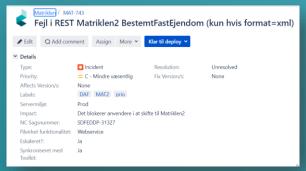
It happens that services fail or do not give a desired response

May be due to

- Error in specification
- Error in implementation at DAF
- Error/deficiency in data model

Solved by:

- Update of specification → ½ year or more
- Error correction at supplier → 1-6 months
- Update of model \rightarrow 1-2 years or more





Monitoring of of data quality

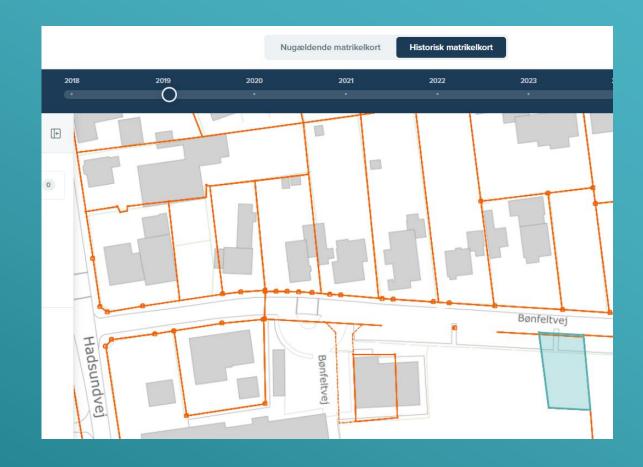
Content	Actual	Historical	Preliminary
Property of land parcels, condominium, building on leased land	1	2	6
Parcel Boundary Boundary points	2	3	6
Theme linestring Theme polygon	3	5	7
Municipality, parish	4	6	-

Geod	datastyrelsen	Sen	Datach este kørsel (neck 2024-03-03).		
Objekttype	Datacheck	11-02-2024	18-02-2024	25-02-2024	03-03- 2024 [↓]	Difference seneste to kørsler
Total	<u>Total</u>	<u>47678</u>	47709	47997	<u>1332</u> 🐿	-46665
MATRIKELSKEL(H)	Total	625	625	625	625 🦈	(
	Forkert geometri	499	499	499	499 👈	(
	Forkert jordstykkeid (VH)	124	124	124	124 🦈	(
	Mangler i GDB	2	2	2	2 🦈	(
OPTAGETVEJ	Total	7682	7689	7790	212 🐿	-7578
	element status=Foreløbig, men sag er lukket	7682	7689	7790	212 🞾	-7578
JORDSTYKKETEMAFLADE	Total	23577	23577	23694	114 🎾	-23580
	element status=Foreløbig, men sag er lukket	23577	23577	23694	114 🐿	-23580
MATRIKELSOGN	Total	112	112	112	112 👈	(
	element har virkningfra=virkningtil	112	112	112	112 →	(
EJERLEJLIGHEDSLOD	Total	109	109	109	109 👈	(
	Gældende ejerlejlighedslod har forkerte data: BFE		107	107	107 🦈	(
	Historisk ejerlejlighedslod mangler i Geodatabank	2	2	2	2 →	(
	Gældende ejerlejlighedslod mangler i Geodatabank	107			→	(
TEMALINJE	Total	4744	4753	4755	73 🞾	-4682
	element status=Foreløbig, men sag er lukket	4744	4753	4755	73 🐿	-4682
SKELPUNKT(H)	Total	48	48	48	48 🦈	
	Forkert oprindelsejournalnummer	46	46	46	46 🦈	(
Objekttyper med 0 fejl de	e seneste 4 kørsler	•	•	•		,
Objekttype		11-02-2024	18-02-202	4 25-02-20	24 03-03-2024	\downarrow
BYGNINGPAAFREMMEDGRUNDPU	UNKT					
EJERLAV(H)						
MATRIKULAERSAG						
SKELPUNKT						
SOGN						
Kørsler November 2023 -	Marts 2024					



Historical errors

- Until now we have focused on errors in the current data
- But users also want to use the historical data
- For example, plots of land on a given date
- Only a few differences found
- Complex to correct





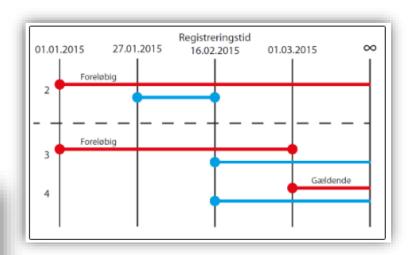
Data model – use of bitemporality!

- Record data to accomodate differing legislative and administrative demands for data based decision making.
 - When was this data recorded/changed?
 - What data has effect at a point in time?
 (may differ e.g. loans and taxes related to purchase of house)
- Examples (pardon the Danish)

The example shows recording of the following data:

- (black text) Recorded on 27-01-2015 (Reg.Fra) that given content (indhold) has status tentative (Foreløbig) from 01-01-2015 (Virk.Fra) to indefinite (Virk.Til).
- (blue text) Recorded on 16-02-2015 (Reg.Fra) that given content (indhold) has status tentative (Foreløbig) from 01-01-2015 (Virk.Fra) to 01-03-2015 (Virk.Til) AND status final (Gældende) from 01-03-2015 (Virk.Fra) to indefinite (Virk.Til) Note: Original data is not deleted – but marked that registration existed until 16-02-2015 (Reg.Til).

ID	UUID	Indhold	Reg. Fra	Reg. Til	Virk. Fra	Virk. Til	Status
2	XXXX	Københavnsvej	27-01-2015	16-02-2015	01-01-2015	-	Foreløbig
3	XXXX	Københavnsvej	16-02-2015	-	01-01-2015	01-03-2015	Foreløbig
4	XXXX	Københavnsvej	16-02-2015		01-03-2015	-	Gældende



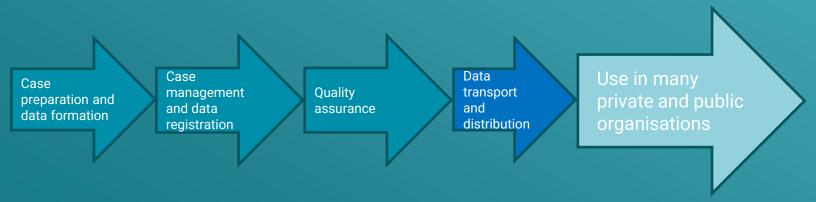


Use of property data Jørgen Skrubbeltrang



Foundation and basis for high-volume use of property data

- ✓ Many years of experience with property registration in collaboration with other stakeholders
- ✓ Robust and well-established legislation
- ✓ Third-generation system support for property registration
- ✓ Coordinated and harmonized data creation with other authorities and registers
- ✓ Free and open data
- ✓ A well-established value chain for property data





Cadastre and property registration

IMPORTANT • BIG

TRADE

ASSESSMENT

ADMINISTRATION

LEGAL GEOGRAPHY

DIGITALISATION











RELIABLE AVAILAIBLE PROPERTY DATA

CADASTRE • REGISTER OF PROPERTY OWNERS • REGISTER OF PROPERTY LOCATION

500

million basic data objects 3.000

million downloads a year

3IG

More figures about use of property data

Number of users of cadastral data from the Data Distributor on web services

- 396 user organisations
 - 247 private companies
 - 98 (all) municipalities
 - 39 other public authorities

However, many large organisations use file downloads and we do not have figures for that. We also do not have figures for the many organisations and users who receive data from private "data brokers"



Well-established but very big and complex IT infrastructure In some ways disconnect data creators and data users?

Creation of data **Property owner** Legal adviser Do they subdivision? **Chartered surveyor** Case officer Property of land parcels? Condominimums? **Building on leased land?**

Process	Registration	Data transport authority to Datadistributer	Distribution
Systems	MIA, ERPO and miniMAKS	Local geodata bank, Primary Geodatabank, after burner, transport belt of data, Data Distributor	Different services of the Data Distributor The Danish Data and Map Supply
Technology- issues	System legacy, historical data data quality, semi- automatical controlls, modernisation, time to market	One coherent basic data model but differences between register models and display models. Loading, security, logging and monitoring of operations, cleaning up technical debt, bitemporality, new product vision, parallel operation periods, time to market	File Extraction, File Download, Events, Web Service, REST, WFS, WMS, json, xml, gml, geopackage Open Access, Service User, Certificate Move to Entity-Based File Downloads, Entity-Based GraphQL Services, Flexible Lookup Logic, New Use of Events, Geodata Services, Self-Service, Access Control, Flexible Lookup Logic, Auto-Generation

Administrative and business issues for authorities and and users

Distributed responsibility across different authorities and different legislation, large users with different application needs. Proliferation of BFE number, phasing out of ESR, Co-assessed properties, ideal shares, timeshares and cooperative housing are not basic data. Historical data, completeness, correctness, timeliness and reusability of data. Large resource drain for conversion to entity-based display, needs of registration authorities and users vs. operation and maintenance of Data Distributor. Not possible to get user-differentiated logs, requests for new property-related data become basic data...



Analyst at a bank



Valuation officer



Property investor

Can't I soon get some reliable information about rent?



Have to distinguish between different types of users

Dialogue with system and data developers

Dialogue with user organisations

Communication and explanation to professional end users

Communication and explanation to citizens and businesses

Examples

E-nettet – provider for the financial sector
Resights - portal for property developers and investors
Septima – portals for various sectors
LIFA Digital – portals for municipalities and various private sectors
The IT and Development Agency of the Danish Ministry of Taxation

Finance Denmark
The Danish Assessment Agency
Local Government Denmark
Statistics Denmark

Real estate agents
Housing Lawyers
Case officers at the Danish Assessment Agency
Specialists in the utility sector
Municipal GIS employees

Property owners
Journalists
Engineers
Biologists
Citizens in general



Dialogue with data users

Dialogue with users via

- Support
- Meetings
- Conferences
- Visits
- Network
- Linkedin

Communication and explanation of knowledge is very important

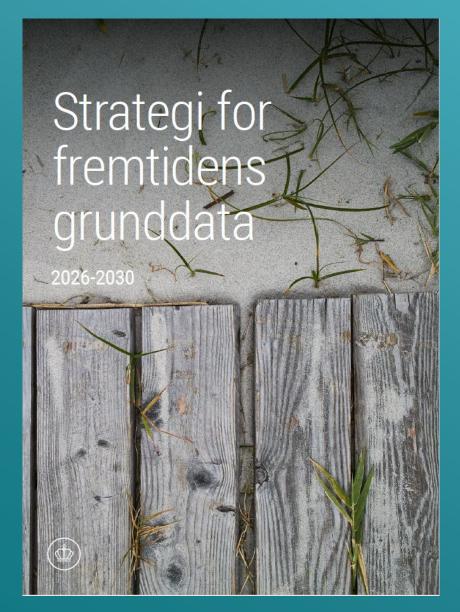
- Documentation
- Metadata
- Instructions and guidelines
- Presentations
- Papers and articles
- Road shows
- A new book about property data?

Discussions, meetings, visits are mostly with

- Financial sector
 - Business and system developers in banks, mortgage institutions and datacentres
- Tax authorities
 - Danish Property Assessment Agency
 - The IT and Development Agency of the Danish Ministry of Taxation
- Municipalities
- Land surveyor companies



The future of basic data and property data?



New strategy for Basic Data launched next week by The Agency for Climate Data
Strategy for Future Basic Data
2026-2030

One goal is to invite private sectors like finance, utilities and insurance to be a part of the work with basic data

• Can big private data users e.g. the finance sector in the future make demands for quality of data and how data is created?

Panel discussion with the private sector next week on this and other issues concerning the future of property data.

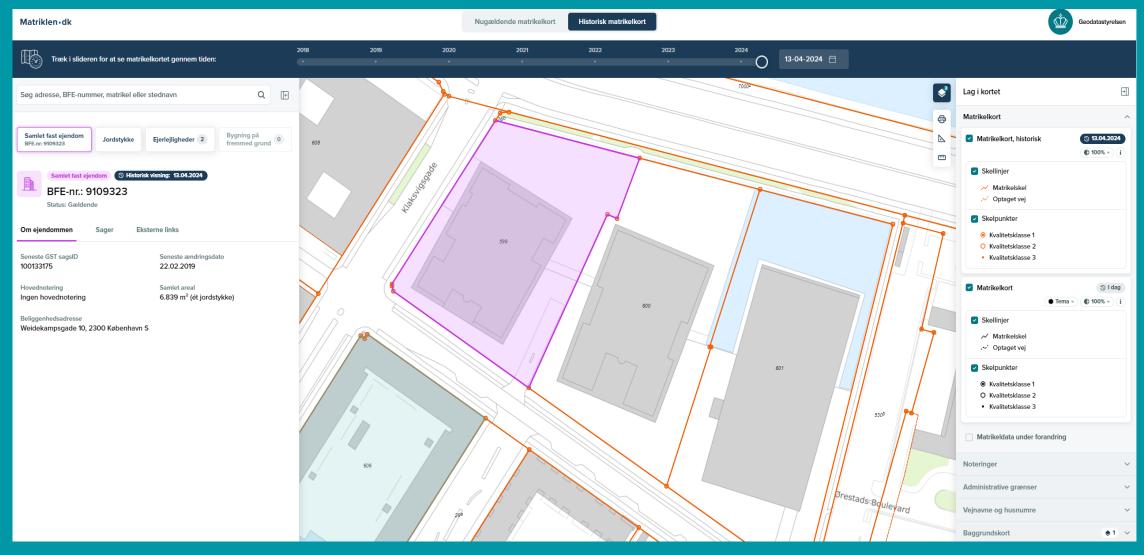




Matriklen.dk "Cadastre.dk" Simon Reimers



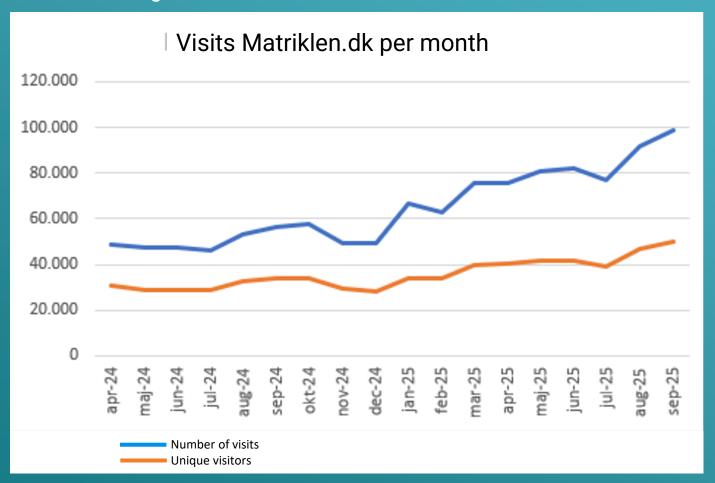
Matriklen.dk – new platform for access to property data



Actual and historic data of real property and owners launched April 2024

Matriklen.dk

SuccesNo advertising but still increase in use





Matriklen.dk

Demo

The 3 types of properties

Case information

Preliminary data

Historical data – registry and map

Property owners

Display of cadastral data with data from other authorities

- Building and Dwelling Register
- Oblique photos

Geodatastyrelsen



Questions?



Lunch

